



Die Verwendung von *have got* im *simple present*

Mit *have got* wird ausgedrückt, was jemand oder etwas hat/besitzt.

Die Bildung von *have got* im *simple present*

Die Form ***have got*** steht bei *I, you, we* und *they*. Bei *he, she* und *it* heißt die Form ***has got***.

<i>I</i>	<i>have got</i>
<i>you</i>	<i>have got</i>
<i>he/she/it</i>	<i>has got</i>
<i>we</i>	<i>have got</i>
<i>you</i>	<i>have got</i>
<i>they</i>	<i>have got</i>

Auch hier gilt der Merksatz: *He, she, it* – das *-s* muss mit.

Kurzformen

Folgende Kurzformen kannst du verwenden:

<i>I have got</i>	→ <i>I've got</i>
<i>you have got</i>	→ <i>you've got</i>
<i>he/she/it has got</i>	→ <i>he's got/she's got/it's got</i>
<i>we have got</i>	→ <i>we've got</i>
<i>you have got</i>	→ <i>you've got</i>
<i>they have got</i>	→ <i>they've got</i>



1. Tick the correct statements.

- a) Samira has got a brother.
- b) The children has got a new schoolbag.
- c) My parents have got a new car.
- d) I has got a purple skirt.
- e) You have got a cute pet.
- f) My friend have got a nice name.
- g) Mr and Mrs Red have got a restaurant.
- h) I has got a terrible headache.

2. Fill in *have got* or *has got*.

- a) The Millers _____ a B&B.
- b) Stefanie _____ a little brother.
- c) Andy and I _____ the same friends.
- d) I _____ a new computer.
- e) My friend _____ a parrot.
- f) You _____ a blue bike.

3. Put the words in the right order.

- a) got/Joline/a pet/has
- b) lots of/got/my parents/have/books
- c) a new/I/MP3 player/got/have
- d) has/my best friend/got/three brothers

4. Look at the pictures. Write down what they have got.

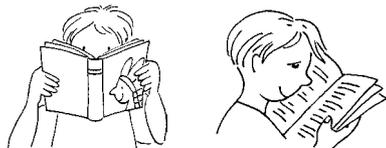
a)



b)



c)



d)



5. Write down sentences with *have got* or *has got*.

Dan and Ed	in-line skates
Tony	pet
Alex and Michael	computer
Cathy	new CDs
Sally and Simone	their own rooms



1. Tick the right statements and write down the wrong statements correctly.

- a) My rabbits have got a hutch (*Kaninchenstall*) in the garden.
- b) My coach have got nice trainers.
- c) I have got a new camera.
- d) She's got a lot of money.
- e) We's got a flat.
- f) The Carters has got a nice house.
- g) I have got long hair.
- h) My brother have got a trumpet.

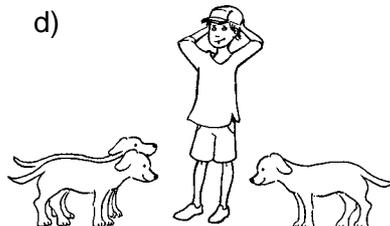
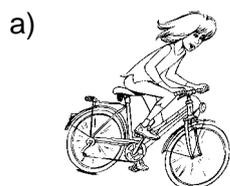
2. Fill in *have got* or *has got*.

- a) The students _____ many books.
- b) My friend _____ two brothers.
- c) Mum _____ a new kitchen.
- d) Toby and Ed _____ an exciting hobby.
- e) Jack _____ a cold.
- f) Johannes _____ a new bike.
- g) I _____ a nice picture of you.
- h) The family _____ a shop.
- i) Tibor and his family _____ a dog.
- j) She _____ two bedrooms.
- k) The school _____ a canteen.
- l) The headmaster _____ an office.

3. Write down sentences with *have got* or *has got*.

the bakery	fresh bread
Darian	new toys
Miranda and I	plue pencils
Hannah	an apple
Benno and Celina	the same friends

4. Look at the pictures. Write down what they have got.



5. Translate the sentences into English.

- a) Die Kinder haben einen roten Ball.
- b) Mein Onkel hat ein neues Auto.
- c) Meine Schule hat eine Bücherei.



The weather

the sun



sunny

a cloud



cloudy

rain



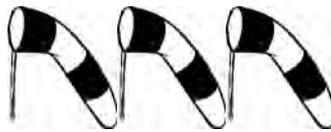
rainy

wind



windy

storm



stormy

snow



snowy

Useful phrases

What's the weather like today?

Wie ist das Wetter heute?

What's the weather like in ... (Spain)?

Wie ist das Wetter in ... (Spanien)?

It's sunny.

Es ist sonnig.

It's cloudy.

Es ist bewölkt.

It's foggy.

Es ist neblig.

It's stormy.

Es ist stürmisch.

It's windy.

Es ist windig.

It's rainy.

Es ist regnerisch.

It's raining.



It's warm.

It's 32 degrees.



It's too hot.



sunglasses

Sonnenbrille

umbrella

Regenschirm

thunder

Donner

lightning

Blitz

wet

nass

dry

trocken

fog

Nebel

It's very cold.





1. The letters are in the wrong order. Write down the correct words.

- a) goygf b) tyomsr c) ocdylu
d) nunys e) yirna f) ergesde

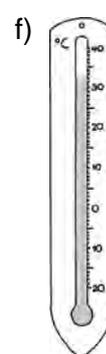
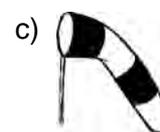
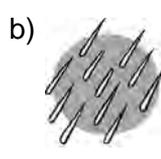
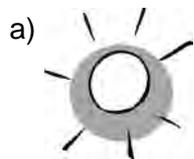
2. Write down the German words.

- a) stormy b) wet c) umbrella d) thunder

3. Find the right expressions.

- a) It's _____. You need an umbrella.
b) You can hardly see, but you don't need an umbrella. _____
c) You need it if you want to go skiing or snowboarding. _____
d) This weather is nice when you go to the swimming pool. _____
e) What's _____? – Oh, it's sunny and it's 30 _____.

4. Look at the pictures. Write down what the weather is like.



5. Translate the sentences into English.

- a) Heute ist es heiß.
b) Schaut, es regnet!
c) Es hat 14 Grad.
d) Es ist sonnig in Italien.
e) Wie ist das Wetter?
f) Es ist kalt und stürmisch.



1. Write down the English words and translate them into German.

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------|------------|
| a) aulerlmb | b) tyomsr | c) gygfo |
| d) glhiningt | e) yirna | f) ergesde |

2. Write down the German words.

- | | | | |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|
| a) cloudy | b) sunny | c) dry | d) thunder |
|-----------|----------|--------|------------|

3. Find the right expressions.

- a) It's _____. You'll get wet.
- b) This is the perfect weather for the beach. _____
- c) Many people wish _____ for Christmas.
- d) You can read this on a thermometer. _____

4. Look at the map. Write down what the weather is like.

